§ 19.473

other than anhydrous alcohol and alcohol that may be withdrawn from bond free of tax.

(26 U.S.C. 5206, 5301)

REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTAINERS

§ 19.473 Authorized containers.

- (a) General. A proprietor may only use containers that are authorized under this part for containing, storing, transferring, conveying, removing, or withdrawing spirits or denatured spirits.
- (b) Approval of other containers. The appropriate TTB officer may approve the use of another type of container for a particular purpose in place of a type of container specifically authorized in this part for that purpose if the use of that container:
- (1) Will provide protection to the revenue equal to or greater than that provided by the authorized container; and
- (2) Will not hinder the effective administration of this part.
- (c) Approval of other container materials. The appropriate TTB officer may approve the use of a container made of a material other than one prescribed in this subpart if the prescribed material is unsuitable for the intended purpose. If the appropriate TTB officer approves another material for a container, the approval may also specify how the container must be constructed, protected, marked, and used.

(26 U.S.C. 5002, 5206, 5212, 5213, 5214, 5301.)

§ 19.474 Spirits for nonindustrial use.

- (a) Containers. A proprietor may fill spirits for nonindustrial use into packages or into other containers that are filled during processing operations, if consistent with the provisions of part 5 of this chapter.
- (b) Bottles and labels. The provisions of subpart T of this part and part 5 of this chapter govern the liquor bottles and labels that a proprietor must use in bottling spirits for nonindustrial domestic use.
- (c) Cases. If spirits for nonindustrial use are in containers with a capacity of one gallon or less the proprietor must place the containers in cases con-

structed to afford reasonable protection against breakage.

(26 U.S.C. 5206, 5212, 5301)

§19.475 Spirits for industrial use.

- (a) Containers. A proprietor may fill denatured spirits or other spirits for industrial use into suitable containers. The proprietor must ensure that all containers for spirits that will be used in food products comply with applicable U.S. Food and Drug Administration health and safety laws and regulations.
- (b) Encased containers. A proprietor may encase unlabeled containers of denatured spirits and other spirits for industrial use in wood, fiberboard or similar material if:
- (1) The cases are constructed so that the surface, including the opening of the container, is not exposed;
- (2) Required marks are applied to an exterior surface of the case:
- (3) The case is constructed so that the portion containing marks will remain attached to the inner container until all the contents have been removed; and
- (4) A statement reading, "Do not remove inner container until emptied" or a statement of similar meaning appears on the portion of the case bearing the marks.
- (c) Cases. With the exception of encased containers covered in paragraph (b) of this section, if the containers for denatured spirits and spirits for industrial use have a capacity of not more than 1 gallon, the proprietor must place the containers in cases that provide reasonable protection against breakage.

(26 U.S.C. 5206, 5301)

§19.476 Packages.

A proprietor may use packages on bonded premises for original entry of spirits, and for packaging from tanks, storing, transferring in bond, and withdrawing spirits and denatured spirits from bonded premises. Packages must be constructed so as to be capable of secure closure.

(26 U.S.C. 5206)

§ 19.477 Use of bulk conveyances.

If a bulk conveyance meets the construction requirements of §19.478 or is